Columbia with $47 \cdot 2$ p.c. came second; this was due to the large shipbuilding plants located there. In 1944, Ontario resumed her normal position in second place with $47 \cdot 3$ p.c., while Nova Scotia came third with $45 \cdot 8$ p.c., followed by British Columbia with $45 \cdot 2$ p.c., Manitoba $35 \cdot 7$ p.c., New Brunswick $26 \cdot 9$ p.c., Alberta $24 \cdot 3$ p.c. and Saskatchewan $15 \cdot 6$ p.c.

Province	Number of Establishments Employing 500 or More Persons	Percentage of Total Number of Establishments in Province	Provincial Percentage of Number of Employees Accounted for by these Establishments
Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia. New Brunswick. Quebec. Ontario. Manitoba. Saskatchewan. Alberta. British Columbia.	14 7 132 191 9 3	- 1 · 1 0 · 7 1 · 4 1 · 8 0 · 7 0 · 3 0 · 5 1 · 0	$\begin{array}{c} - \\ 45 \cdot 8 \\ 26 \cdot 9 \\ 51 \cdot 3 \\ 47 \cdot 3 \\ 35 \cdot 7 \\ 15 \cdot 6 \\ 24 \cdot 3 \\ 45 \cdot 2 \end{array}$
Totals	383	1.3	46.9

2.—Concentration of Manufacturing Production in Each Province, 1944

Section 1.—The Manufactures of the Maritime Provinces, 1944

In Prince Edward Island the predominant agricultural and fishery resources make butter and cheese, fish curing and packing, and slaughtering and meat packing the leading manufactures of the Province. Nova Scotia is renowned for its coal mines and its fisheries, as well as its extensive forests and agricultural lands and is favoured with easy access by sea to the high-grade iron-ore supply of Newfoundland. On these resources are based the leading manufactures of primary iron and steel, shipbuilding and repairs, fish curing and packing, sawmills, pulp and paper, and butter and cheese. In addition to this, important petroleum refineries and coke and gas plants add to the diversification of manufacturing in the Province. The forests of New Brunswick give a leading place to its pulp and paper and sawmilling industries, although fish and agricultural products add to the varied output. Sugar refining and the production of railway rolling-stock also form important branches of manufacturing production.

	Industry	Estab- lish- ments	Em- ployees	Salaries and Wages	Cost of Materials	Net Value of Products	Gross Value of Products	
		PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND						
		No.	No.	\$	\$	\$	\$	
23456789	Fish curing and packing Butter and cheese Castings, iron Fruit and vegetable preparations Sawmills. Bread and other bakery products. Printing and publishing Starch and glucose. Aerated and mineral waters All other leading industries ¹	70 13 4 3	506 136 259 149 158 82 113 18 22 181	284, 716 137,088 489,735 118,949 53,521 67,444 122,519 20,701 25,083 199,915	$\begin{array}{c} 1,945,435\\ 1,553,353\\ 245,100\\ 438,831\\ 166,494\\ 172,146\\ 38,684\\ 108,829\\ 46,156\\ 2,041,374 \end{array}$	$744,923\\436,252\\583,243\\159,943\\134,702\\178,270\\56,123\\109,388\\653,849$	$\begin{array}{c} 2,717,806\\ 2,019,998\\ 841,813\\ 710,034\\ 330,234\\ 317,884\\ 224,929\\ 173,553\\ 158,049\\ 2,700,923 \end{array}$	
	Totals, Leading Industries	210	1,624	1,519,671	6,756,402	3,304,176	10,195,223	
	Totals, All Industries	241	1,786	1,694,763	6,993,510	3,570,835	10,713,644	

3.-Statistics of the Leading Industries of the Maritime Provinces, 1944

For footnote, see end of table, p. 569.